OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1743. [N°. 39.]

To JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *Esq*;

SIR,

Jocerne tecum per Litteras? Civem mehercule! non puto esse, qui Temporibus his ridere possit.
Cic. ad Cur.

SElf-Preservation is the universal first Principle, upon which all Societies, from the smallest Clan of Savages, to the greatest and most extended Empire, is founded: By Laws, private Property is secur'd from the Rapine of Individuals: By Arms, the Commonwealth is defended from the Common Enemy.

But no Society, whether great or small, either is, or can be engag'd in perpetual War: On the contrary, without Intervals of Peace, there can be no permanent Civil Establishment: As, therefore, War is esteem'd but a necessary Evil, which Governments have Recource to, only to prevent a worse, the Wise, of all Ages and Nations, have agreed to cast up a political Mound, which might even contribute to preserve Society from that dangerous, and oftentimes fatal Necessity.

And this they effected, by promulgating among their Fellow-Citizens, an Opinion of their own Superiority over their Neighbours, and among their Neighbours, a Belief that that Notion was not founded upon Pride and Policy, but Truth and Experience.

This is the Origine of National Honour, and the Use of National Reputation: Hence it was, that when Victories were obtain'd and Conquests were made, the Soldier was rewarded with Garlands and Trophies, the General with Triumphs; and the Victor Nation, in summing up their Gains, ever gave their Acquisitions in Glory the first and principal Consideration.

And hence, likewise, it was, that when War became a Trade, and a Portion of the People were set apart to be the Champions and Defenders of the Rest, the PUBLIC HONOUR was committed to their CHARGE, and at their Hands it was again requir'd; not only fair and flourishing, as it was at first delivered, but increas'd in Lustre, and improv'd in Glory: They were held to be as much the *Representatives* of the *People*, in the FIELD, as our House of *Commons* are, at *Westminster*; the Public were to the full as jealous of the Behaviour of these *Military* Delegates, as of their *Civil*; as fearful of their betraying their Trust, and as transported with Joy and Gratitude, when they acted up to the Gallantry and Renown of their Forefathers.

It was owing to such Sentiments as these, that the *Greeks*, under *Alexander*, conquer'd: It was for the Want of such Sentiments of these, that the *Persians*, under *Darius*, were defeated: That the First exalted themselves into Heroes, that the Last sunk into Slaves.

Wealth, Territory, and Dominion may be recovered, but this aspiring, National Spirit, this quickning, animating Principle, once extinguished, nothing but the Breath of Heaven itself can revive.

Then, and not till then, is a Nation undone: For where there is Honour, there is Courage, there is Resentment; and when Resentment becomes *National*, *National Oppressors* have Reason to be afraid: But when the last Spark of that heroic Flame is trod out, Tyrany may throw away her Mask, may walk abroad bare-fac'd, without Shame or Fear, and not only rattle the Chains she hath forg'd, but rivet them on.

Despair, indeed, sometimes begets Resolution, and, with one sudden and mighty Effort, a subjugated Nation sets itself free; witness the Masacre of the *French* in *Sicily*, and of the LORDS DANES in *England!* But if Despair is as strong as *Sampson*, it is as blind too; and when it breaks down the Pillars of Government, it often draws the Roof upon its own Head. Despair then, if a Remedy, should be the last.

Such wise, prudent, and honest Legislators as those who first inculcated this meritorious, *national* Pride, this politic Thirst after *national* Glory, would most studiously endeavour to preserve it, in full Ardour, and would put all Things to the Hazard, rather than suffer it to undergo the least Diminution.

But *Pharoahs* arise in all States, who knew not *Joseph:* The Interest of the *Govern'd* gives way to that of the *Governor*; and, as Sense and Courage are generally Companions, the Perversion is no sooner detected, but Justice is demanded, nay insisted upon; and, to silence the Complaints, they resolve not to remove, these *Pharoahs*, find it necessary to subdue the refractory Spirit to which they are owing.

And where can that wicked Project be perpetrated with such Propriety or Success as in the Army, if Pretences have already been found, for making an Army part of the Establishment? 'Tis there the most active and stirring Minds naturally resort; 'tis there that Emulation operates most visibly; 'tis there the Sense of Honour is most quick and lively; and, if once blunted there, a Nation becomes numb'd all over: Affronts will not gall, Wrongs will not provoke; even Fetters will scarce be esteemed a Load; and, tho' goaded on with Swords and Spears, the Points would hardly be felt.

Besides, what better Means can be thought of to obtain this desirable End, than to begin with humbling the Soldier's Pride, with lowering his Opinion of himself, with treating him as a Scoundrel first, in order to make him one afterwards? If he bears one Insult, it authorizes the imposing another; if he stoops to one Indignity, it may be reasonably suppos'd, he will submit to all: Besides, the Terrors of Military Law, and the habitual Awe of the commanding Officer, deprive him of the free Use of his Reason, as well as his Strength: Menaces seem but one Remove from Commands, and even Oppressions and arbitrary Punishments, by Repetition, grow so familiar, that they become at last to be consider'd, as but a Part of the Hardships inseperable from the Soldier's Vocation.

And thus the gallant Fellow, who, from the Moment he had the Cockade fix'd in his Hat, believ'd himself to be dubb'd a Gentleman, and a Man of Honour; and, in that Conceit, would have fought like *Sceva*, and dy'd like *Curtius*, becomes an abject, beaten Slave; without any other Consolation, than the having Arms in his Hand, which, in his Turn, he can make use of to enslave his Country.

But, however fatally this Experiment may operate in the End, it is attended with infinite Hazard to the Undertakers, in the Beginning: Men who were once free, and are still brave, are most sensibly touch'd with Indignities; and there is scarce an Instance in History of any General who *causelessly* set a *Mark* of Contempt upon any separate Corps, much less branded his own *national Troops* with Disgrace and Infamy, in the first Stage of their Humiliation, who did not, very soon and sensibly, feel the fatal Effects of his Oppression and Injustice.

When, therefore, the FIRST ATTEMPT is made to break the Spirit of a Nation, by breaking the Spirit of their *National Troops*, the proper Resentment should be shew'd, the proper Defence should be made: The Cause of the Nation and the Army is the same: Both are equally interested in the Affront; Both are alike involv'd in the Consequences; and Both should co-operate in the Means of preventing the like Practices for the Time to come.

For Illustration's Sake, let us suppose that an Army, compos'd of *several* Nations, was now in the Field, under the Command of *one General:* Let us suppose that all the different Corps in this Army, were equally raw, and undisciplin'd; but that one of these Corps was of a Nation Foremost in Rank, a Nation which had no other Concern in the War, than to succour a distress'd Ally, a Nation which not only subsisted her own Troops, but a large Train of *Mercenaries* likewise, which contributed very largely besides to the Expence of this, to her, unnecessary War, and which had, till that very Hour, been renown'd all over the Globe for her military Exploits, and almost uninterrupted Triumphs: Let us suppose the *General* of this *united* Army to be so far prejudiced, or infatuated, as to overlook and despise all these several Claims of this gallant, generous, disinterested, superior Nation: Let us suppose that, upon all Occasions, and at all Times, he gave the Preference to their OWN PALTRY, BEGGARLY MERCENARIES; that he heap'd Affronts upon the First, and Favours upon the Last: Let us suppose, I say, that such Facts and Circumstances as these, were now passing in Review before us; and what would, what must be our Reflections upon so provoking a Scene? Could we help concluding that the TROOPS, thus ignominiously and ungratefully treated, must be the last and lowest of Men, if they were not deeply sensible of their wretched State, if they were not, to the last Degree, incens'd against such contemptible Rivals; If they could think of any other Enemy while these were in Sight? Could we help concluding, that the Nation, whom these *Troops* REPRESENTED, in their Military Capacity, must be lost to all Sense of Honour, Dread of Shame, and Love of Liberty, if they could look tamely on, while such Outrages were committed upon them; nay, could be no longer worthy the *Name* of a *Nation*, if they submitted to, or put up with, such unprecedented Usage?

Let us go a Step farther still: Let us suppose the *Troops* in this shocking Situation, were the free-born Subjects of *Old England*, once the Dread, the Envy, and Admiration of *Europe:* Let us suppose the *Mercenaries*, thus favour'd, honour'd, exalted, were stigmatis'd for being the worst [illegible] in *Germany*, had no National Name to be distinguish'd by, were the Natives of a Provin[illegible] scarce known in the World, scarce to be found in the Map, and which owed even its Rank, as well as its Wealth and Importance, to the very [illegible]

now treats with ſuch Contempt, and Diſgrace, as fit only to ſerve as *Croats* and *Pandours* to them.

In two Words, let us ſuppoſe that this was not a Suppoſition, and that ſuch ſordid *Mercenaries* as theſe, were actually become our *Maſters*.

Could we conceive at it? could we ſuffer it? could we authorize it? I am ſure we could not: We are yet a Nation: We have yet Rights and Privileges: We have yet Power and Property: We have yet a Parliament; in which many gallant Soldiers have Seats, and not one *Hanoverian* can find Admiſſion: We feel the great and heroic Spirit of our Anceſtors yet glowing within us: We have yet the *Act of Settlement* to ſpread before us, as the antient Barons did their *Magna Charta*: We have yet the PURSE in our own Keeping, and cannot be FORC'D to open it but upon our OWN TERMS.

With ſuch Advantages then, on our Side, if we ſubmit to ſo vile, ſo infamous a Yoke, we may thank our ſelves; it will be our OWN ACT AND DEED: No Foreign Power has Strength enough to put it on us; and, therefore, we ſhall not even have the Pleas of Force or Neceſſity, to excuſe the Diſgrace and Proſtitution to our Poſterity.

Shall we then become our own Deſtroyers? I truſt in GOD we ſhall not: I ſhould grow aſham'd of my Country, if I thought it poſſible; I ſhould loath to be call'd *Engliſhman*.

Let us, however, remember, that, upon the approaching Seſſion depends the Fate of OLD ENGLAND.——How awful, how alarming a Conſideration?——Who is there that doth not feel his Blood curdle at the Thought? Who is there that can reſiſt the Call, I might ſay the Groans of his almoſt expiring Country? There is no Man ſo harden'd, I hope, to be found among us. Let us, therefore, fly to her Aſſiſtance! Let us attend this DECISIVE SESSION, from the very FIRST DAY to the LAST: Let no Excuſe be urg'd, for none either can, or will be receiv'd: The Queſtion before us, is *HANOVER* or *ENGLAND*; a very ſhort one indeed, but comprehending all that is dear and valuable both to our ſelves and Poſterity!

I am, Sir,

Your humble Servant,

GEORGE ENGLISH.

P. S. You ſhall hear from me again next Week.

On Tueſday next will be publiſh'd,

A

DEFENCE of the PEOPLE:

OR

Full CONFUTATION of the pretended FACTS advanc'd in a late HUGE, ANGRY *Pamphlet*, call'd

FACTION DETECTED.

In a LETTER to the AUTHOR.

——— *Miſcuit Fortuna Sinonem*
Finxit, vanum etiam Mendacemque improbe finxit.

——— *Abandon'd Fellows never value the Shame of being diſcloſed, provided they think the Lye will be of ſome Service to them for a Day, or even for an Hour.*

Anſwer to the Remarks upon the *Craftman*'s Vindication, *Page* 42.

N. B. Whereas there has been an extraordinary Demand for two of our Letters, viz. of September the 17th and 24th, they are now to be had, printed together in 8vo. Price Three Pence.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALY.

Genoa, Octob. 12. The Maſter of a Ship lately arriv'd here from Villa Franca reports, that Admiral Matthews was there with all the Ships of his Squadron; that he had erected two Batteries, the one of forty Guns where the Caſtle of Nice formerly ſtood, and the other of twelve above the Town of Montalban, where the King of Sardinia has built a Fort.

Bologna, Oct. 15. The Auſtrian Troops have form'd ſeveral Camps in the Neighbourhood of this City. The Artillery, which conſiſts of thirty Pieces of Cannon, is placed in the middle of theſe Camps. The Head Quarters are ſtill at St. Michiele in Boſco; and it's ſaid that the Army will ſhortly be compos'd of 25,000 Men, excluſive of the Piedmonteſe.

FRANCE.

Briancon, Oct. 18. It appears by a Liſt which is handed about here, that the Spaniards and French loſt in the Actions which happen'd on the 7th, 8th, and 9th Inſtant, upon the Frontiers of Piedmont, near 1200 Men. The former is ſaid to have loſt four Captains, and 166 under Officers or Soldiers, and the latter eleven Captains, and 264 under Officers or Soldiers.

GERMANY.

Francfort, Oct. 24. The Dutch Troops paſs'd the Rhine on the 20th Inſtant. The Engliſh, Auſtrians, Hanoverians, and Heſſians follow them ſucceſſively, and all take the Rout to the Auſtrian Netherlands, except the 6000 Hanoverians that join'd the Army during the Campaign, and are returning home. General Mentzel's Body of Huſſars is order'd to follow the Army: This Officer is ſtill very ill.

Hanover, Oct 25. When Baron Jaxheim, Miniſter from the Queen of Hungary, had the Honour to compliment the King upon his happy Arrival in this Electorate, his Majeſty ſaid to him, *We have deliver'd* Germany *from foreign Troops; we muſt leave the reſt to next Year.*

HOLLAND.

Hague, November 2. Upon the 31ſt ult. his Excellency the Earl of Stair, Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from his Britannick Majeſty, had, with the uſual Ceremonies, his Audience of Leave from their High Mightineſſes, and receiv'd for himſelf, and Secretaries, the uſual Preſents; and, at the ſame time, preſented the following Memorial.

A Memorial preſented by his Excellency the Right Hon. John *Earl of* Stair, *Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of his* Britannick *Majeſty to the* States General.

High and Mighty Lords.

'The underwritten Ambaſſador Extraordiny and 'Plenipotentiary, has the Honour to preſent this 'Memorial to your High Mightineſſes, in order 'to take Leave of this Republick: It is but na'tural that Princes ſhould employ in their Service 'ſuch as are moſt agreeable to them.

'On this Occaſion, I have Expreſs Orders from 'the King, my Maſter, to aſſure your High 'Mightineſſes of his Friendſhip in the cleareſt and 'ſtrongeſt Terms; and to inform you that his 'Majeſty moſt ardently wiſhes that a perfect U'nion, and an entire Confidence, may always ſub'ſiſt between Great Britain and this Republick.

'Let me have Leave, High and Mighty Lords, 'to remark for my own Part, that at all Times I 'have been a moſt zealous Freind to this Union; 'that this Maxim has always directed my manner 'of Thinking, and all the publick Actions of my 'Life, without ever varying therefrom, as I am 'ſure that I never ſhall vary from it.

'It is unneceſſary for me to obſerve to your 'High Mightineſſes, that our Countries reſpectively 'have ſtood indebted for their Liberty, that ought 'to be ſo dear to them, to this Union; and that 'without ſuch a perfect Union, the Independency 'of Europe had been often ſwallowed up.

'It would be ſuperfluous to give Examples of 'Facts ſo inconteſtible; I ſhall only take the Li'berty of remarking, in the laſt Place, that to the 'Union of the Maritime Powers the Houſe of 'Auſtria owes its Preſervation. It is eaſy to ſee 'of what Conſequence the Deſtruction of that 'Houſe will be to all Europe; the Maritime Powers 'have thoroughly underſtood that Conſequence, 'and prevented it by the wiſe Meaſures they have 'taken. It is at this very Hour, that by the evi'dent Protection of Divine Providence, the Houſe 'of Auſtria, and conſequently all Europe, is de'livered from the Danger of approaching Slavery. 'It ſeems every Way worthy of the Maritime 'Powers, and their Allies, to employ the neceſſary 'Means for preventing her falling back, by a new 'War, into Dangers like thoſe to which we have 'ſeen her expoſed in all the different Wars that 'have riſen for Seventy Years paſt.

'All the Princes and States concerned think in 'the ſame Manner; and it does not appear at all 'difficult to me, to engage them all to ſpeak the 'ſame Language. When this ſhall fall out, it is 'eaſy to diſcern that the Accompliſhment of the 'great Work is not far off.

'For me, I flatter myſelf, High and Mighty 'Lords, that I ſhall always find in your Republick 'many Friends, who out of Regard to the Up'rightneſs of my Heart, and of my Sentiments, 'will pardon all my Failings.'

Done at the Hague, October 31, 1743.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Oct. 18. We hear from Belfaſt, that laſt Week a Fire broke out in the Houſe of Mr. William Malcomſon, a Farmer in the Pariſh of Dromoragh, which conſum'd the ſame with all the Furniture; and that his Daughter, a young Woman of about twenty-one Years old, periſh'd in the Flames.

On Thurſday Night laſt the Diſſenting Meeting-Houſe, on the Lands of Treduff in the County of Armagh, was ſet on Fire by ſome ill diſpoſed Perſons, and entirely conſum'd to Aſhes.

Early on Sunday Morning laſt a Fire broke out in Drumcondra-Lane, which conſum'd three Cabins; a Woman who was in of them brought out a Nurſe-Child through the Flames, which was much ſcorch'd; but by returning to ſave her own Child, a Boy about ſix Years old, ſhe unhappily periſh'd with him in the Flames.

LONDON.

Four thouſand Puncheons of Biſcuits are order'd to be taken from the King's Mills at Rotherhithe, and ſhipp'd directly for the Service of his Majeſty's Fleet under the Command of Admiral Matthews.

Laſt Saturday John Ord, Eſq; Receiver of the Land-Tax for the County of Northumberland, was married to Miſs Anne Titchbourne of Bond-ſtreet; a young Lady of great Merit and Beauty, with a Fortune of 6000 l.

Laſt Week the Prince Frederick, a Collier, lately arriv'd from Newcaſtle, was ſearch'd by a Cuſtom-Houſe Officer, who found about 200 Weight of the Combings of Wool, in two Bags, the Property of a Female Paſſenger on board the ſaid Ship, who follows the Buſineſs of making Quilted Petticoats; whereupon he ſeiz'd the ſame, together with the Ship and all her Cargo, as forfeited by Law, for bringing Wool from any Part of England without entering it at the Cuſtom-houſe and clearing it from thence; and modeſtly demanded 600 l. of the Owners for clearing her, which was refus'd: The Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms having enquir'd into the Affair, and found no Fraud intended, they gave it up; but the Officer being reſolved to ſupport his Right to the Ship and Cargo, ſeveral Actions are entered againſt him, ſo that the Matter muſt at laſt be determin'd in Weſtminſter-Hall.

Laſt Sunday, about Two in the Afternoon, Mr. Cook, a Diſtiller at Deptford, and his Wife, coming in a Chaiſe over Riddle Downs beyond Croydon, were attack'd by two Highwaymen well mounted, who robb'd Mr. Cook of his Watch and Money, and then made off.

Tueſday Morning upwards of 100 Convicts were carry'd from Newgate and put on board a cloſe Lighter at Black-Fryars, in order for their being ſhipp'd at Graveſend for his Majeſty's Plantations in America.

Monday came Advice, that the Charming Peggy, Millar, from Figura for London, was taken by the Santa Roſetta Maria Magdalena, a Spaniſh Privateer of 16 Carriage and 20 Swivel Guns, and carried into Bilboa.

The ſame Day came Advice, that the Thomas, Watt, from Greenock for North-Carolina, was loſt in her Paſſage thither.

We are inform'd, by Letters from good Authority, that there are now at Sea, between Port Paſſage and Cape Ortugal, ſeveral Spaniſh Privateers, mounting from 12 to 30 Guns, and Men anſwerable.

A Squadron of five Ships is order'd, by the Lords of the Admiralty, for the Channel Service, and for the Security of Trade on our own Coaſts.

Sunday being the Birth-day of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Orange, his Majeſty's eldeſt Daughter, who then entered into the 35th Year of her Age, their Royal Highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales receiv'd the Compliments of the Nobility, &c. at Carleton-houſe on the Occaſion.

On Saturday laſt the Right Hon. the Earl of Loudon, one of the ſixteen Peers of Scotland, and Colonel of a Company in the Foot Guards, arriv'd at his Houſe in Privy-Garden, from the Army on the Rhine.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed Mr. George Gibſon to be Accomptant-General in Portſmouth Yard; a Place of conſiderable Profit.

Laſt Saturday Mr. Eaſt, a Gentleman of a large Eſtate in Suſſex, was married, at St. Olave's, Southwark, to Miſs Sailey Lownds, Daughter of Capt. Lownds, belonging to the Royal Navy; a fine young Lady with a large Fortune. The new married Couple, immediately after the Ceremony, ſet out for Epſom to celebrate their Nuptials.

The ten Privateers that are fitting out by the Merchants to cruize on the Spaniards, are now taking in their Proviſions at Long-Reach, in order to put to Sea forthwith; they are to be victualled for 18 Months; and, for Encouragement of the Sailors, it is order'd that they ſhall not loſe their Wages provided the Ship be caſt away.

Laſt Saturday Mr. Smith, a Cuſtom-houſe Officer, with ſome others, ſeiz'd upwards of 400 Weight of Green Tea at Weſt-Ham in Eſſex, which was convey'd under a ſtrong Guard to the Cuſtom-houſe.

Laſt Thurſday 7-Night, about Eleven o'Clock, Mr. Norvil, a Hatter in the Borough of Southwark, coming from Eaſt-Smithfield, was ply'd by a Link-Boy at the Victualling-Office, who offer'd to light him over Tower-hill for a Penny; but when he came to the Precipice he put out his Link and gave a Whiſtle, whereupon two Fellows immediately came up and ſeiz'd him by the Collar, demanding his Money with Threats and horrid Imprecations; but ſearching his Breeches Pockets and finding none, they took his Hat, ſtruck him ſeveral Blows on the Head, then ty'd his Feet together and his Hands behind him, and tumbled him down the Hill, where he lay a conſiderable time before he was releas'd. Mr. Norvil luckily ſav'd his Watch and Money by putting them into his Coat Pocket, which the Ruffians did not examine.

They write from Liſbon, that they had certain Advice there from the Weſtern Iſlands, that a Britiſh Man of War of ſixty Guns had taken a Spaniſh Veſſel with four Millions of Pieces of Eight on board, beſides other rich Goods, after an Engagement of eleven Hours, and carried her into Fyal.

'Tis ſaid his Majeſty intends to leave Hanover next Monday, and will keep his Birth-day at St. James's the 10th of November.

A Party of his Grace the Duke of Montague's Horſe is on their March from Warwickſhire for Harwich-Road, and a Party of Horſe belonging to General Wade's Regiment is order'd to lie on the Kentiſh Road, to eſcort his Majeſty to St. James's.

Laſt Week Lord Bolingbroke arriv'd here from Aix-la Chapelle.

And on Saturday the Lord Viſcount Gallway arriv'd at his Houſe in Brooke-ſtreet, Groſvenor-Square, from Aix la Chapelle, where his Lordſhip had been for the Recovery of his Health.

On Saturday Charles Blomberg, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Equerries, arriv'd at St. James's from Germany.

And on Sunday ſeveral Domeſticks of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland arriv'd here from Holland.

They write from the Hague that ſome of the Foreign Miniſters to the Britiſh Court are arrived there, in order to proceed for England againſt his Majeſty's Return.

The Duke d'Aremberg, who is at preſent inveſted with the Command of the Combined Army, has wrote to the Biſhop of Liege to demand Paſſage for his Troops through that Principality, in their way to the Auſtrian Netherlands.

Advices from Turin, dated the 10th, N. S. inform us, that the Spaniards have certainly loſt between 3 and 4000 Men in their late Attempt; and that it was the French who firſt gave Way.

Private Letters by the French Mail adviſe, that a Party of the Troops of Prince Lobkowitz had ſeiz'd on the Spaniſh grand Magazine, ſaid to be worth 3000000 of Dollars.

It having been been induſtriouſly reported, to the Prejudice of our Home Linnen Manufacture, that Sir William Dalrymple, Proprietor of the Scotch-Linnen-Warehouſes at Charing-Croſs and Cornhill, had reſolv'd to give over Trade; we think proper to inform the World, that the ſame Report is abſolutely without Foundation, and that there ſtill continues to be ſold at the ſame Warehouſes, all ſorts of Scotch Linnen, equal to the Dutch in Beauty, ſuperior in Wear, and inferior only in Price.

Monday about 4 o'Clock a Ship was launch'd at Pitcher's Point, that carries 20 Guns, built for the Service of the Turky Company; ſhe is a very fine Ship, and call'd the Royal Gally.

On Sunday Night arrived in Town, at his Houſe in Jermain-ſtreet, Baron Waſner, Miniſter from the Queen of Hungary.

Monday Catharine Evans, Suſannah Smithſon, Elizabeth Spears, Mary Watkins, and Rachel Keys, were committed to the London Workhouſe by Mr. Alderman Bernard, for being common Night-Walkers, taken up on Saturday Night at the Corner of Hounſditch, about 12 o'Clock, by Mr. Dyos and Mr. Day, two Conſtables of Portſoken Ward.

The Lords of the Treaſury have appointed Mr. Edward Maſſey to be one of the Clerks of the Treaſury, in the room of Mr. Knight, deceas'd.

Tueſday the Squirrel Man of War, Capt. Geary, having been compleatly repair'd, fell down to Long-Reach, where a third Dividend of the Prize Money will be paid the Captors, amounting to 20 l. a Man; after which her Orders are immediately to ſail upon a Cruize.

The ſame Day the Deptford Storeſhip took in her Naval Stores at Long-Reach; whoſe Orders are, to ſail directly for Admiral Matthews's Fleet, to ſupply ſuch of his Majeſty's Ships under his Command as are in Want.

Tueſday Morning the ſecond Battalion of the firſt Regiment of Foot Guards, commanded by his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, march'd from the Parade in St. James's Park, to the Tower, in order to relieve a Battalion of the third Regiment, commanded by the Earl of Dunmore, that has been there on Duty a Year.

Tueſday Advice came, that the Fly Sloop of War had ſunk the St. Anthony, a Spaniſh Privateer of 16 Guns and 70 Men, off the Bar of Oporto, and retaken a Ship which the St. Anthony had taken, bound from Dublin to Faro.

Laſt Monday Night a Boat was unhappily overſet by running foul of a Veſſel near the Red-Houſe at Deptford; by which Accident Mr. Beard, a Glazier at Deptford, was drown'd, and a great Quantity of Glaſs, which was in the Boat, was loſt; the Waterman ſav'd himſelf by ſwimming to Shore.

Tueſday thirty Diſtillers were convicted before the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, for retailing Spiritous Liquors without a Licence, and fin'd in the Penalty of 10 l. each.

The ſame Day was brought to the Cuſtom-houſe, under a ſtrong Guard, a Coach loaded with Tea; it was ſeiz'd the Day before by ſome Cuſtom-houſe Officers at Erith, after exchanging ſeveral Shot with the Smugglers.

Thurſday died, at his Houſe the Corner of Saliſbury-Court, Fleet-ſtreet, Mr. Robinſon, a great Silverſmith, and one of the Common-Council Men of Faringdon Ward without.

The ſame Day, about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, the Right Hon. the Earl of Stair arrived at his Houſe in Pall-Mall, from Holland, with a numerous Retinue.

Thurſday General Onſlow, Brother to the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, arrived in Town from the Army of the Allies.

As did alſo M. Andrie, Miniſter from the Court of Pruſſia, at his Houſe in Suffolk-ſtreet.

It is ſaid a Silver Mine is diſcovered in the Back Settlements of South-Carolina; that the Oar is already prov'd; and that many Gentlemen there have ſubſcribed a Sum of Money, for carrying on the ſame with Vigour.

Laſt Wedneſday Night, about Eight o'Clock, Mr. Curle, a Carpenter in the Borough, going over the Bowling-Green, Southwark, was attack'd by two Footpads, who robb'd him of nine Guineas and ſome Silver, and then made off.

Laſt Sunday Mr. John Brown, who belonged to General Hawley's Dragoons, born at Leeds in Yorkſhire, who took the Standard from the French at the Battle at Dettingen, mounted Guard at Whitehall. He was, at his own Requeſt, made one of his Majeſty's Life-Guards before he left the Army.

BANKRUPTS.

Abraham Harris, of the City of Briſtol, Merchant.

Edward Long, of Colcheſter in the County of Eſſex, Merchant Taylor.

Elias Woodfield, late of the Liberty of Norton-Falgate, in the County of Middleſex, Apothecary.

Robert Davis, late of Martlett-Court, Bow-ſtreet, in the Pariſh of St. Paul, Covent-Garden, in the County of Middleſex, Taylor and Chapman.

High Water this Morning at London Bridge at 15 Min. after 8, and 48 Min. after 8 in the Afternoon.

Sunday Morning at 21 Min. after 9, and 53 Min. after 9 the Afternoon.

Monday Morning at 26 Min. after 10, and 48 Min. after 10 in the Afternoon.

Tueſday Morning at 21 Min. after 11, and 6 Min. after 12 in the Afternoon.

Wedneſday Morning at 12, and 51 Min. after 12 in the Afternoon.

Thurſday Morning at 56 Min. after 12, and 2 Min. after 1 in the Afternoon.

Friday Morning at 23 Min. after 1, and 48 Min. after 1 in the Afternoon.

Bank Stock 140 India Ditto 192 1 half. South Sea Stock 113. Ditto Old Annuities 114 a 1 8th. Ditto New 114 3 4ths. Three per Cent. Annuities 102 1 half a 3 4ths. Ditto 1742, 102 1 half a 3 4ths. Ditto 1743, 100. Million Bank 117 1 half ex. Div. Equivalent 111. Royal Aſſurance 80. London Aſſurance 11 5 8ths ex. Div. Engliſh Copper 4 l. 10 s. Seven per Cent. Emperor's Loan no Price. Five per Cent. ditto no Price. Bank Circulation 21. 17 s. 6 d. a 3 l. Pr. India Bonds 4 l. 18 s. Prem. Three and a half Salt Tallies 3 Prem. Three and a half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 4 1 half. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 Diſc. Lottery Tickets 11 l. 7 s. 6 d. a 7 s.

The PRICES of CORN at Bear-Key, *and of ſeveral other Goods, viz.*

Wheat - -	19s. to 21s. 6d. per Quarter.
Rye - - -	12s. to 13s. 6d. per Quarter
Barley - -	13s. to 14s. 6d. per Quarter
Oats - - -	09s. to 11s. 6d. per Quarter
Peas - - -	17s. to 91s. od. per Quarter
Hog Peas - - -	14s. to 16s. od. per Quarter
Horſe Beans - -	12s. to 16s. od. per Quarter.
Pale Malt - - -	19s. to 22s. od. per Quarter
Brown Malt - -	17s. to 19s. od. per Quarter
Old Hops - - -	50s. to 60s. per Hundred

New Hops - -	54s. to 2l. 16s. per Hundred
Tares - - - -	15s. to 17s. 0d. per Quarter
Finest Flower - -	19s. 6d.
Second Sort - -	16s. 6d. per Sack
Third ditto - -	13s. 0d.
Coals in the Pool -	26s. to 31s. per Chaldron
Rape Seed - - -	15l. 00s. per Last
Canary Seed - -	30l. 00s. per Last
Clover Seed - -	36s. to 42s. 0d. per Hundred
Flax Seed - - -	36s. per Quarter
Hemp Seed - -	27s. per Quarter
Mustard Seed - -	8s. to 16s. per Bushel
Town Tallow - -	36s. per Hundred
Country Tallow -	37s. per Hundred
Irish Tallow - -	34s. per Hundred
Russia Tallow - -	44s. to 46s. per Hundred
Bohea Tea - - -	8s. to 14s. per Pound
Green Tea - -	7s. to 24s. per Pound
Coffee - - - - -	4s. 8d. to 5s. 0d. per Pound
Chocolate - - -	4s. to 6s. per Pound
French Brandy - -	7s. 6d. per Gallon
Jamaica Rum - -	7s. 0d. per Gallon
Barbadoes Rum - -	5s. 6d. per Gallon
English Bees-Wax -	5l. 14s. per Hundred.
Foreign Bees-Wax -	4l. 17s. per Hundred

On Tuesday next will be publish'd,
By M. Cooper at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

A REVIEW of the whole POLITICAL CONDUCT of a certain late eminent PATRIOT and his FRIENDS, for twenty Years last past; in which is contain'd a compleat History of the late Opposition, and a full Answer to a Pamphlet, entitled, *Faction detected by the Evidence of Facts*, &c.

Ex tuo Ore te judicabo.

This Day is publish'd,
(Price Six Pence plain, One Shilling colour'd)

A PRINT of the Yellow sash'd CONFECTIONER-GENERAL, setting forth the H——n Desert, with some Particulars of his Conserving and Preserving the H——n Troops at the late Escape at Dettingen.

Publish'd by M. Cooper, in Pater-noster-Row.

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In a beautiful Royal Quarto Volume, Price 7s. 6d. sewed in Marble Paper.

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Illustrated with a NEW HERO.

The whole Four Books corrected throughout, with several Additions to the POEM, never before printed.

To which are also now first added,
The HYPERCRITICS of ARISTARCHUS, and his Dissertation on the said NEW HERO.

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This Day is publish'd,
(Price stitch'd, Two Shillings.)

THE MODERN HUSBANDMAN: Or, Practice of Farming. For the Month of February. Containing,

1. The Author's Discovery of four excellent new Wheats, to which far exceed the common red Lammas, for making the finest Flour and Bread.
2. The good and bad Proportions of sowing Wheat in February.
3. How Crops of Corn may be got seven Years together, without Dung or Manure.
4. How Farming may be carried on in many Places without any live Cattle, except Horses, to great Profit.
5. An Account of the new invented Horse-break, that ploughs and houghs all at once.
6. The Irish and English Ways of improving Potatoe-Ground.
7. The Author's Answer to several curious Letters, concerning several Matters in Husbandry.

With many other curious serviceable Matters, never before publish'd.

By WILLIAM ELLIS, *a Farmer, Of Little Gaddesden, near Hempstead in Hertfordshire.*

Printed for and sold by T. Osborne, in Gray's Inn; and by M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

In the Press, and speedily will be publish'd,

The SECOND PART of

MEMOIRS of an Unfortunate Young NOBLEMAN, Return'd from a Thirteen Years Slavery in America, where he had been sent by the wicked Contrivances of his cruel Uncle. A Story founded on Truth, and address'd equally to the Head and Heart.

This is the Heir; come let us kill him, that the Inheritance may be ours. Luke xx. 14.

——— *Foul Deeds will rise,*
Tho' all the Earth o'erwhelm 'em, to Mens Eyes.
Spoken by *Hamlet* of his Uncle.

By the Author of the First Part.

Printed for J. Freeman, in Fleet-street, and Sold by the Booksellers in Town and Country.

Next Week will be publish'd,
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THE RELIGIOUS MAN'S LIBRARY: Or, a sure GUIDE to HEAVEN.

Containing, The Grounds, Reasons, and Practice of True Religion: With Discourses on the Creed, Lord's Prayer, Ten Commandments, and the Two Sacraments.

Also, Directions in Sickness, and how to prepare for Death and Judgment.

To which are added,

Morning and Evening Prayers, and Collects on most Occasions. Compiled for the Use of Families and private Persons.

Printed for Francis Cogan at the Middle-Temple-Gate, Fleet street.

N. B. The late Rev. Mr. Wheatly, who perused this Book in Manuscript gave the following Character of it in a Letter * to the Author.

I apprehend that the Performance is a very useful one; that the Subjects are well chosen, the Matter well compiled, and therefore is very capable of doing Good.

* Which Letter may be seen by applying to F. Cogan.

General Post-Office, London, October 24, 1743.

WHEREAS *the Troops of Great Britain are marching or marched into their Winter-Quarters in the Austrian Netherlands: This is to inform the Publick, That all Letters directed for the Officers, Soldiers, and others belonging to, or attending on, the said Army, will be sent from this Office free of the Foreign Postage, and that only the Inland Postage will be demanded for such Letters, so addressed or directed to the Army aforesaid, as come from out of the several Parts of the Country; without which Inland Postage the said Letters will not be forwarded.*

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

JULAPIUM ASTHMATICUM,
Or the Asthmatick JULEP,

WHICH is known by many Years Experience to be a never failing Medicine in old obstinate Asthma's, whose suffocating it puts off in a Moment; it gives a perfect Relief in straining laborious Coughs, that are unmercifully troublesome Night and Morning; 'tis a most excellent Remedy for Shortness of Breath upon any Motion, and in Breathing with Difficulty, Straitness of the Breast, with Hoarseness and Wheezing. Nothing exceeds this admirable Julep, for by opening the Bronchial Ducts and Pneumonick Passages, it penetrates into the inmost Recesses of the Lungs, and there meeting with rough, thick, cold, clammy, slimy Phlegm, so attenuates, divides, moves and works it, that by coughing and spitting, it expectorates and throws up all such Matter with the greatest Ease and Pleasure, thereby cleansing and freeing the Breath and Lungs, when stuffed up and clogged with a heavy Load, and so prevents Consumptions, Ulcers of the Lungs, &c. Note, It is a safe and pleasant Medicine, to be taken by Spoonfuls, according to the printed Directions, without the least Confinement, or danger of catching cold.

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This Day is publish'd,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self Pollution, and all its frightful Consequences (in both Sexes) considered, with Spiritual and Physical Advice to those who have already injured themselves by this abominable Practice.

As also the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revised and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the several Passages in the former Impressions, that have been charged with being obscure and ambiguous, are in these cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

These Editions contain some further and surprizing Instances of the Mischiefs by that filthy, sinful Commerce with ones self, which is so notoriously practised, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weak'ning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inserted, shew.

And, amongst others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Answer to it, concerning the Use and Abuse of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Casuistical and other Letters from both Sexes, of some secret unnatural Effeminacies, necessary to be known both by the married and single of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE translated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEIDER, as it is inserted in the Acta Lipsiensia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Mass of Blood; well worth the Perusal of Physicians, Surgeons, Anatomists, and all others of Art and Curiosity.

As also Dr. QUINCY's Translation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Answer to a Letter sent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewise Dr. DRAKE's and several other Physicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Resemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Case of a young Lady of 18, whose well wrote Letter to the Author, describing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inserted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Physician having perused this Discourse, before it went to the Press, returned it with his Opinion of it in these Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profession, or Condition soever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed against in it.'

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The SUPPLEMENT, by itself. Price stitch'd 1s. 6d.

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Or the Cordial Tincture for the Nerves,

BEING an approved, experienced, and never failing Medicament in sinking, languishing, and Lowness of Spirits, palpitation, or trembling of the Heart, in all paralytick, soporose and convulsive Distempers, and in all Afflictions of the Head and Nerves; it infalliably prevents the bad Effects of Coffee and Tea on the Nerves, which occasions in most People the above mentioned Disorders, (with many more, which you'll see at large in the Printed Book of Directions) but yet by taking a few Drops of this most pleasant delicate Cordial in the first Dish of Coffee or Tea, you may then drink at Liberty, for this great Medicine penetrates through the whole nervous System, and so recruits the Brain and Præcordia with a full Influx of exulting Spirits, which perform the Business of vital Function with fresh Alacrity, and new Briskness; so that the Pulse, which lay feeble and wavering, now falls a beating vigorously, and with great Exactness; moreover, it wonderfully disperses Fear, Sadness, confused Thoughts, Twichings of the Legs and Arms, disturbed Sleep, and all the dismal Train of Vapours and Melancholy. It likewise stops Vomiting, puts off Nauseousness, procures a good Appetite, and is now in great Esteem amongst Quality of the first Rank.

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